

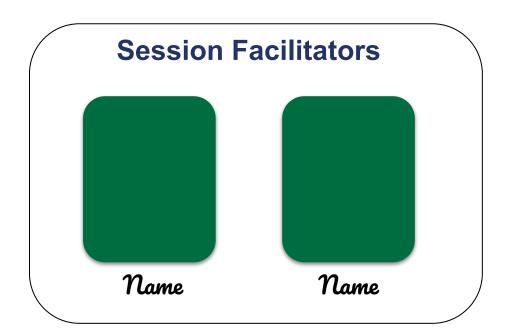
Foundations for Implementation – Session 6

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Welcome!

CPM Virtual Learning Series



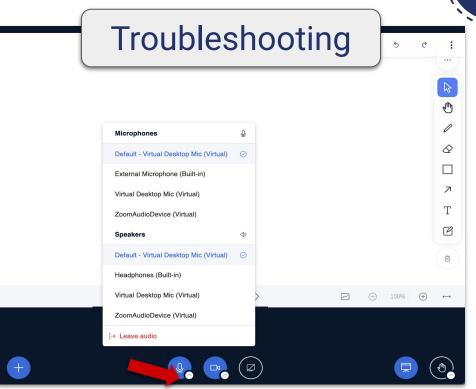




Tech Tip

Audio





Professional Learning Checklist



	Summer Session	Fall Semester	Spring Semester
Live Learning Events	Register and attend: In-Person Days 1-3 or Virtual Sessions 1-6	Register and attend: In-Person Day 4 or Virtual Sessions 7-8	Register and attend: In-Person Day 5 or Virtual Sessions 9-10
Content Modules (On-Demand)	☐ Chapter 1 ☐ Chapter 2	☐ Chapter 3 ☐ Chapter	☐ Chapter
Instructional Modules* (On-Demand)	☐ 1 - Closure and Team Assessments☐ 2 - Review & Preview☐ 3 - Intentional Planning	☐ 4 - Supporting Productive Struggle	☐ 5 - Assessment Practices

^{*} Instructional Modules 1–5 will be opened and available upon completion of the Introduction to Foundations Module.

If you support special education or intervention, Inclusion Modules may be completed in place of the Instructional Modules.

Outcomes



Participants will:

- + Learn how Mixed, Spaced Practice connects to assessment practices.
- + Finalize your Implementation Action Plan.
- + Collaborate and learn with other teachers.

Agenda

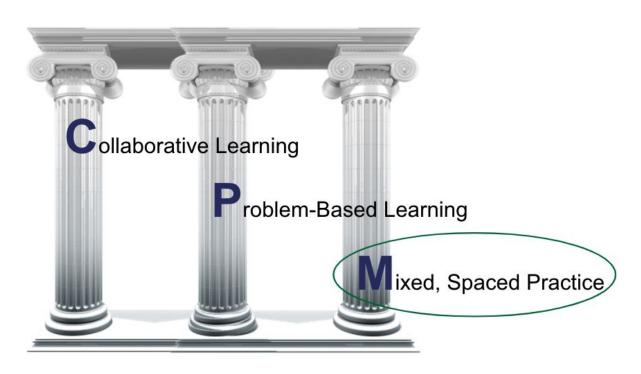


Focus: Mixed, Spaced Practice

- ☐ Icebreaker
- Assessment Beliefs
- ☐ MSP & Summative Assessment
- Implementation Action Plan
- ☐ Closure

Three Pillars of CPM





Guiding Principles

CPM's Guiding Principles





Students deepen their mathematical understanding when they are engaged with concepts over time.



Students have significantly better retention of mathematics when concepts are grounded in context.



Students'
involvement in
effective study
teams increases
their ability to
learn
mathematics.



Effective study
teams are
guided,
supported, and
summarized by a
reflective,
knowledgeable
teacher.



Assessing what students understand requires more than one method and more than one opportunity.



When students and stakeholders embrace a growth mindset, they understand that mastery takes time, effort, and support.

Working Agreements



- + Be willing to take **risks**.
- + Have a **visionary** mindset.
- + Stay **engaged**.
- Explore and reflect on our beliefs.
- Give grace to others and ourselves.

Change takes time, effort, and support!

Click on your name and set your status to thumbs up if you are ready to begin.



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Session Six



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Icebreaker

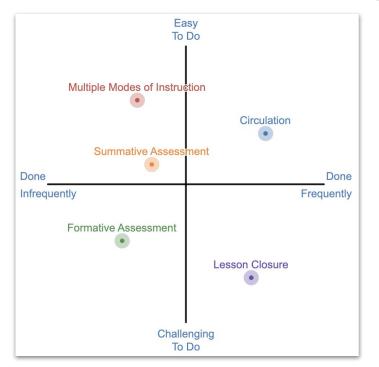
Assessment Beliefs

Teacher

Open the Desmos link.

Complete screens 1 and 2.





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Assessment Beliefs

Beliefs about Mathematics Assessment



"It is important to note that these beliefs should not be viewed as good or bad. Instead, beliefs should be understood as <u>productive</u> when they support effective teaching and learning or <u>unproductive</u> when they limit student access to important mathematics content and practices."

–NCTM's Principles to Actions, 91

Assessment Beliefs

Beliefs about Mathematics Assessment





		PRODUCTIVE BELIEF	UNPRODUCTIVE BELIEF	
	1	The primary purpose of assessment is to inform and improve the teaching and learning of mathematics.	The primary purpose of assessment is accountability for students through report card marks or grades.	
	2	Assessment is an ongoing process that is embedded in instruction to support student learning and make adjustments to instruction.	Assessment in the classroom is an interruption of the instructional process.	
C	3	Mathematical understanding and processes can be measured through the use of a variety of assessment strategies and tasks.	Only multiple choice and other "objective" paper-and-pencil tests can measure mathematical knowledge reliably and accurately.	
M	4	Multiple data sources are needed to provide an accurate picture of teacher and student performance.	A single assessment can be used to make important decisions about students and teachers.	
5		Assessment is a process that should help students become better judges of their own work, assist them in recognizing high-quality work when they produce it, and support them in using evidence to advance their own learning.	Assessment is something that is done to students.	
6		Ongoing review and distributed practice within effective instruction are productive test preparation strategies.	Stopping teaching to review and take practice tests improves students' performance on high-stakes tests.	

Assessment Beliefs

CPM's Assessment Position Paper

In addition, CPM would add the following:



7 the strath C 8 cong skills M Associated	7	Authentic assessment means assessing in a manner that mirrors the way the students have learned, and focusing on what the students know, rather than what the students do not know.	Authentic assessment means asking students "real world" problems to solve.
	Assessment, as with the learning, should focus on the big ideas and the connections to assess for understanding, and not on the fine grain-sized skills.	It is important to assess students multiple times on a single skill or concept, asking every variation of the skill.	
	9	Assessment and teaching should be seamlessly interwoven, and time should be spent on both. Because of the lack of time most teachers have, it is important to assess wisely, and use the supports that are in place.	There is not enough time to develop good assessments and good lessons, so the little time there is should be spent on developing lessons.
	10	Assessment is the process of understanding student learning, and grading is evaluating that understanding. The bulk of the teacher's time should be spent on assessing rather than grading.	Assessment and grading are one and the same, so to assess students, a teacher must spend time grading student papers.

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Formative Assessment to Inform Summative Assessment



"Authentic assessment begins with teachers actively circulating the classroom while students work on mathematics in small teams. As they move strategically around the room, teachers are carefully listening to conversations and asking deliberate questions that require students to describe, analyze, make inferences, or generalize."

-CPM's Position Paper on Assessment

CPM's Principles of Assessment





The CPM materials have been designed to support mastery over time through a student-centered, problem-based course, and this approach supports students' different learning styles. But when changing the materials and changing the methodology, teachers must also change their assessment practices.

-CPM's Position Paper on Assessment

CPM's Principles of Assessment



- 1 Teachers need to be involved in the crafting of assessments.
- 2 Teachers need to read and work through all test problems.
- 3 Students should be assessed only on content with which they have been meaningfully engaged.
- Formative assessment is a learning experience for students and teachers.
- While teachers are required to evaluate and assign grades, grading should be flexible.





Think-Ink-Share

Principles of Assessment (3)

Students should be assessed only on content with which they have been meaningfully engaged, and with which they have had ample time to make sense of.

How might Principle 3 guide your summative assessment practices?

Summative Assessment



How does the design of Mixed, Spaced Practice provide opportunities for teachers to develop fair and balanced summative assessments for students?





Mixed, Spaced Practice



How is Mixed, Spaced Practice integrated into the curriculum?

- Chapter sections
- + Problems in the lessons
- Review & Preview
- **+ Checkpoint Problems**
- + Chapter Closure
- Summative & Team assessments
- Threads within courses
- Vertical threads through courses

Resources to Guide Summative Assessments







Checkpoint Problems

Chapter Closure Problems

Summative and Team Assessments

Summative Assessment

Tools to Support Building Summative Assessments





Suggested Assessment Plan

Sample Tests

Assessment Bank

Summative Assessment

Tools to Support Building Summative Assessments



Suggested Assessment Plan for Individual Tests:



- ✓ current chapter (≈40%)
 ✓ previous chapters (≈60%)
 ✓ consider waiting on assessing

Summative Assessment

Sample Test





Notice and Wonder

1. **Open** the CCA Sample test.



Use the link in the Public Chat.



2. **Review** the Sample test and **take notes** of all your notices and wonderings.

Teacher Tips

Summative Assessments



Assessments should focus on the big ideas, not all the ideas.

Assessments should be flexible.

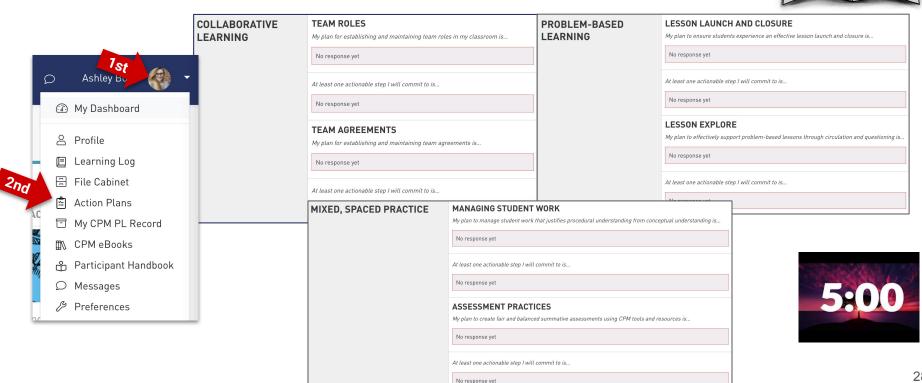
Assessments should balance skills with problem solving.

Assessments should honor that mastery takes time, effort, and support.

Implementation Action Plan

Mixed, Spaced Practice Reflection





Brain Break

Name Game



(Examples: Magical Misty, Jolly Joel, Techy Tina)

- 2. Post this in the Public Chat.
- 3. After spending time with your colleagues in these past sessions, play the name game with one of your colleagues and share in the Public Chat.



How to participate?

Post your responses in the Public Chat.



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Study Team and Teaching Strategy





Give One, Get one

- Record three ideas to share related to a certain topic.
- Circulate and share ideas; receive an idea for each one given and record the new ideas on a piece of paper, including the name of its author.
- Begin group sharing by inviting a volunteer to express on of the ideas citing the author. The named person then continues the sharing process.

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Study Team and Teaching Strategies



Ambassador	Fishbowl	Huddle	Notice & Wonder	Reciprocal Teach	Think-Ink-Pair-Share (T.I.P.S)
Carousel: Around the world	Fortune Cookie	I Spy	Pairs Check (Pairs Chat)	Red Light, Green Light	Think-Pair-Share
Carousel: Index Card	Gallery Walk	Jigsaw: 4 Corners	Participation Quiz	Silent Appointment	Traveling Salesman
Carousel: Station Rotation	Give One -Get One	Listening Post	Peer Edit	Silent Debate	Tuning Protocol
Dyad	Hot Potato	Numbered Heads	Pick Three	Swapmeet	Walk and Talk
Elevator Talk	Hot Seat	Math Chat	Proximity Partner	Teammates Consult	Whiparound

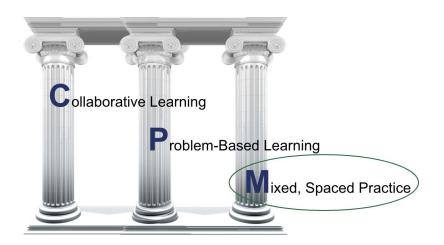
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Three Research Pillars







Collaborative Learning

Students and teachers are aware of the purpose for and value of working in teams, and are familiar with team norms and roles.

Problem-Based Learning

Students and teachers share math authority as they value and engage in productive struggle. Teachers guide without taking over the thinking.

Mixed, Spaced Practice

Both individual lessons and chapters are followed, using suggested pacing. Review & Preview problems are assigned and valued as an essential part of learning.

Teacher Tips



Teacher Actions That Support Implementation

Use the Teacher Notes as intended.

Work all the problems in the lesson ahead of time, including the Review & Preview problems.

Create purposeful lesson plans.

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Support



ABOUT CPM

CPM's mission is to empower mathematics students and teachers through exemplary curriculum, professional development, and leadership.



Candidate for Accreditation



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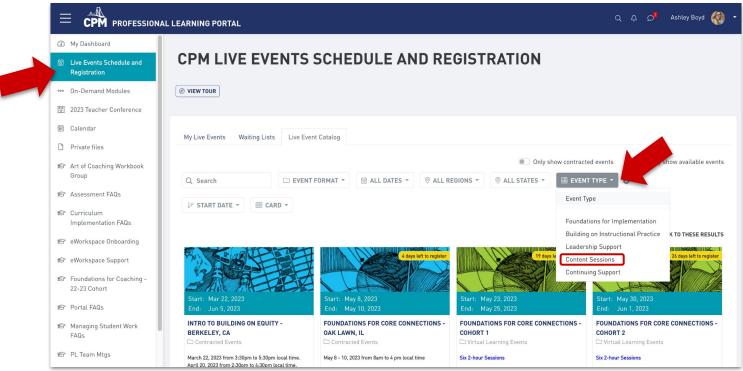


NEED HELP?

- **&** [209] 745-2055
- ☑ support@cpm.org
- ☑ Knowledge Base
- 🗹 Regional Contacts
- ① Report a problem

Support







- Parking Lot
- Attendance & Feedback

Either scan the QR code **OR**

Enter passcode in the portal XXXXXX

+ Next Steps:

- Before the start of the school year:
 - Finish Instructional Modules 1 through 3.
 - Complete Content Modules 1 & 2.

