

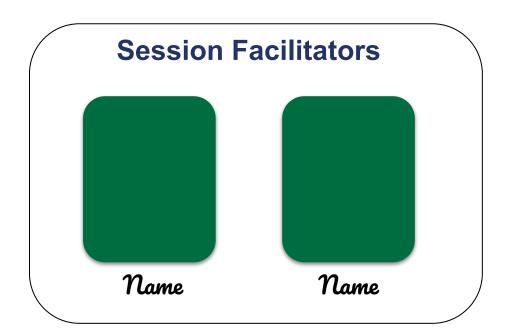
# Foundations for Implementation – Session 4

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#### Welcome!

**CPM Virtual Learning Series** 







### Tech Tip



#### **Audio**



### Troubleshooting



#### Opening

#### **Professional Learning Checklist**



	Summer Session	Fall Semester	Spring Semester
Live Learning Events	Register and attend: In-Person Days 1-3 <b>or</b> Virtual Sessions 1-6	Register and attend: In-Person Day 4 <b>or</b> Virtual Sessions 7-8	Register and attend: In-Person Day 5 <b>or</b> Virtual Sessions 9-10
Content Modules (On-Demand)	☐ Chapter 1 ☐ Chapter 2	☐ Chapter 3 ☐ Chapter	☐ Chapter
Instructional Modules* (On-Demand)	☐ 1 - Closure and Team Assessments☐ 2 - Review & Preview☐ 3 - Intentional Planning	☐ 4 - Supporting Productive Struggle	☐ 5 - Assessment Practices

<sup>\*</sup> Instructional Modules 1–5 will be opened and available upon completion of the Introduction to Foundations Module.

If you support special education or intervention, Inclusion Modules may be completed in place of the Instructional Modules.

#### Opening

#### Outcomes



#### Participants will:

- + Connect Problem-Based Learning research to classroom practices.
- + Learn how the Launch-Explore-Closure lesson structure supports Problem-Based Learning.
- Collaborate and learn with other teachers.

# Agenda Session Four



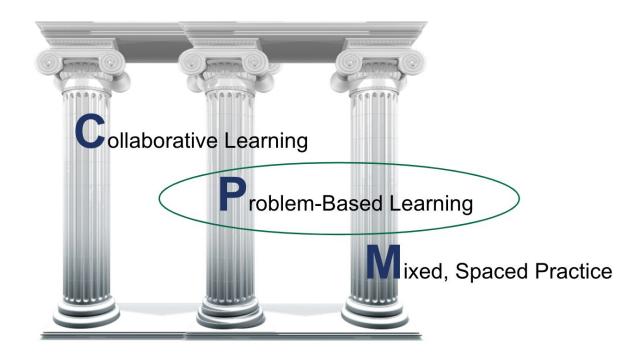
Focus: Problem-Based Learning

- ☐ Icebreaker
- Lesson Structure
- ☐ Math Thread
- Lesson Support
- On-demand Support
- ☐ Closure

#### Opening

#### Three Pillars of CPM





# Guiding Principles

#### **CPM's Guiding Principles**





Students deepen their mathematical understanding when they are engaged with concepts over time.



Students have significantly better retention of mathematics when concepts are grounded in context.



Students'
involvement in
effective study
teams increases
their ability to
learn
mathematics.



Effective study teams are guided, supported, and summarized by a reflective, knowledgeable teacher.



Assessing what students understand requires more than one method and more than one opportunity.



When students and stakeholders embrace a growth mindset, they understand that mastery takes time, effort, and support.

#### Opening

#### **Working Agreements**



- + Be willing to take **risks**.
- + Have a **visionary** mindset.
- + Stay **engaged**.
- Explore and reflect on our beliefs.
- Give grace to others and ourselves.

#### Change takes time, effort, and support!

Click on your name and set your status to thumbs up if you are ready to begin.



# Agenda Session Four



Focus: Problem-Based Learning

- ☐ Icebreaker
- Lesson Structure
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- ☐ Closure

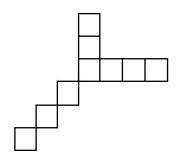
#### Icebreaker



### Visualizing Patterns

#### **Determining Team Roles -**

Add the number of letters in your first and last names.





You will finish this Icebreaker in your team room.

#### Icebreaker

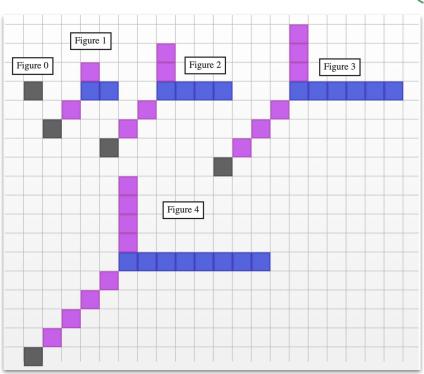
#### Debrief

What would figure 100 look like?

Set your status to a thumbs up when you have an idea.







# Agenda Session Four



Focus: Problem-Based Learning

- **☑** Icebreaker
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**Problem-Based Learning** 



# **How** do we create and support an environment for effective problem-based learning?

Collaborative Learning Agreements

Team Roles

Circulation

Purposeful Lesson Launch

Study Team and Teaching Strategies (STTS)

Rich Tasks

Purposeful Questioning

Purposeful Closure

#### Lesson Plan Structure

Supporting Problem-Based Learning



The Launch-Explore-Closure (LEC) lesson structure is an essential part of implementing effective CPM lessons and sharing math authority with students.



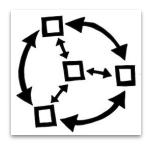
**Launch** – Lesson Opening

**Explore** – Structured Problem-Based Learning

**Closure** – Lesson Closure

Lesson Plan Structure
TO SUPPORT PROBLEM-BASED LEARNING





# An effective Lesson Explore structures problem-based lessons through the use of:

- 1. Team Norms and Team Roles
- 2. Effective Launch-Explore-Closure
- 3. Multiple Modes of Instruction
- 4. Circulating, Listening, and Questioning

Multiple Modes of Instruction
TO SUPPORT PROBLEM-BASED LEARNING



Research has shown that, in classrooms with rich mathematical tasks, supporting student success requires multiple modes of instruction such as teamwork, whole class discussions, presentations, and more. This is true not only in the sense of providing differentiated learning opportunities, but also in the sense of sparking and sustaining mathematical interest.

-Dr. Lara Jasien, CPM Director of Research



Multiple Modes of Instruction
TO SUPPORT PROBLEM-BASED LEARNING



**Problem-Based Learning** provides opportunities for teachers to engage students using Multiple Modes of Instruction. Study Team and Teaching Strategies (STTS) support the following modes of instruction and more!

- Teacher-Led Discussions
- Partner Work
- Teams of Four
- Individual Think Time
- Student Presentations
- + And More!

Multiple Modes of Instruction TEACHER- LED CLASS DISCUSSIONS







# Multiple Modes of Instruction TEAM OF FOUR







# Multiple Modes of Instruction TEAM OF THREE













**Shared Team Roles** 

Multiple Modes of Instruction TEACHER-LED TEAM DISCUSSIONS







Multiple Modes of Instruction INDIVIDUAL WORK







## Multiple Modes of Instruction PARTNER WORK









Multiple Modes of Instruction
TO SUPPORT PROBLEM-BASED LEARNING

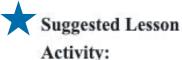


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- Student Presentations
- + And More!

### Lesson Explore Support TEACHER NOTES - EXAMPLES





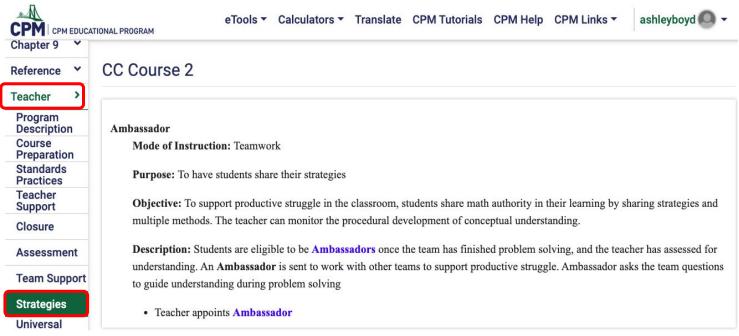
Includes
recommended
Study Team and
Teaching strategies.

You can start problem 4-1 as a **Teammates Consult.** Make sure that everyone understands the task before picking up their pencils and starting the task. If students will be working from the textbook, assign each team a pattern from problem 4-1. Depending on the size of your class, you may need to give some teams the same pattern. Or distribute the <u>Lesson 4.1.1A Resource Page</u> ("Tile Pattern Team Challenge"), which contains the task instructions so that students do not need their books on their desks. The <u>Lesson 4.1.1A Resource Page</u> includes five pages in all, each with a different tile pattern. Each team should receive two copies of the resource page for their pattern.

Students should do their work on graph paper, which makes it easier to draw the tile patterns clearly. Teams will take the remainder of the class period to complete the task. Some teams may begin their poster. Remind students as you circulate that although each student will need to turn in the pattern analysis individually, students should be working in their teams and discussing each question together before moving on. This can be done as a Huddle by bringing one person from each team up to the front of the class to share the information.

#### Teacher Tip



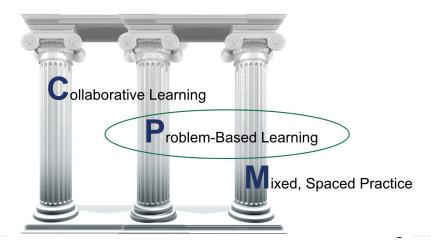


**eBook** ▷ Teacher Tab ▷ Strategies

#### Lesson Support

#### Three Research Pillars







SECTION ONE: The pillars that represent necessary first steps in any implementation.

#### Collaborative Learning

Students and teachers are aware of the purpose for and value of working in teams, and are familiar with team norms and roles.

#### Problem-Based Learning

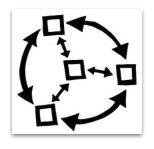
Students and teachers share math authority as they value and engage in productive struggle. Teachers guide without taking over the thinking.

#### Mixed, Spaced Practice

Both individual lessons and chapters are followed, using suggested pacing. Review & Preview problems are assigned and valued as an essential part of learning.

Lesson Plan Structure
TO SUPPORT PROBLEM-BASED LEARNING





# An effective Lesson Explore structures problem-based lessons through the use of:

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#### **Brain Break**

#### Alphabetical Animals



As a class, create an alphabetical list of animals using the Public Chat.

Once someone has added an animal for that letter, move to the next letter.



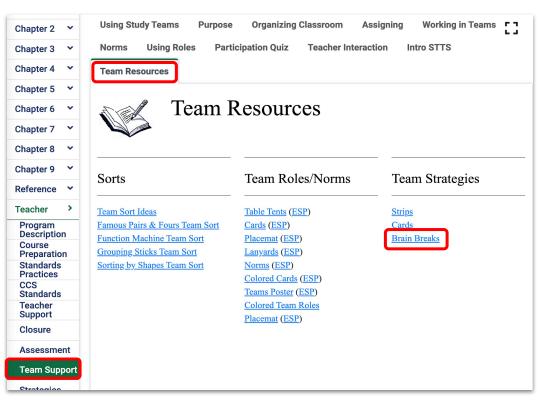


#### How to participate?

Post in the Public Chat.

#### **Brain Break**

#### **Teacher Tip**





# Agenda





Focus: Problem-Based Learning

- **☑** Icebreaker
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- ☐ Math Thread
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#### Team Agreements and Roles



Together, work to learn mathematics.

**E**xplain and give reasons.

Ask questions and share ideas.

**M**embers of your team are your first resource.

**S**trive for understanding.









#### Study Team and Teaching Strategy



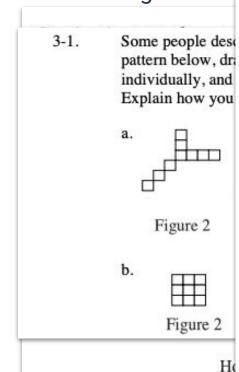


#### **Elevator Talk**

- + Each team is given a topic.
- Every team summarizes the topic into a quick presentation.
- Each team shares their elevator talk following the teacher's directions.

CC3 Lesson 3.1.1 Extending Patterns and Finding Rules





#### 3-2. FINDING RULES FROM TABLES

How can you describe the rule that governs a pattern or table? Obtain the Lesson 3.1.1A Resource Page from your teacher and find the tables below. As a class, find the pattern, fill in the missing parts, and extend each table with at least two more  $x \rightarrow y$  pairs that fit the pattern. Then generalize the pattern's rule in words.

IN (x)	OUT (y)
	С
L	N
	F
Q	
W	Y

IN(x)	OUT (y)	
easy		
	light	
hot	cold	
up	down	
left		

c.	IN (x)	OUT (y)
	$\triangle$	$\Diamond$
	$\Diamond$	
		$\bigcirc$
	$\Diamond$	0
	0	

Rui	le:

Rule:

d.

IN (x)	OUT (y)	e
8	17	
-2		
	9	
12	25	
10	21	

	Rule:		
ð.	IN (x)	OUT (y)	ı
	100	51	
	4		
	6	4	
	30	16	
		31	

Rule:

IN (x)	OUT (y)
4	16
-1	1
	9
12	
-6	

Rule:

Dula

Student

like?

CC3 Lesson 3.1.1 Extending Patterns and Finding Rules







#### Math goal:

Look for regularity in the relationship between inputs and outputs. Consider strategies for uncovering patterns.



#### **Team goal:**

Work together to learn mathematics.

### Math Thread

### Study Team and Teaching Strategy





# **Reciprocal Teach**

- In pairs, Person A pretends that Person B was absent and explains a concept.
- Switch roles and continue.

### **Partners:**

Resource Manager & Task Manager

Recorder/Reporter & Facilitator

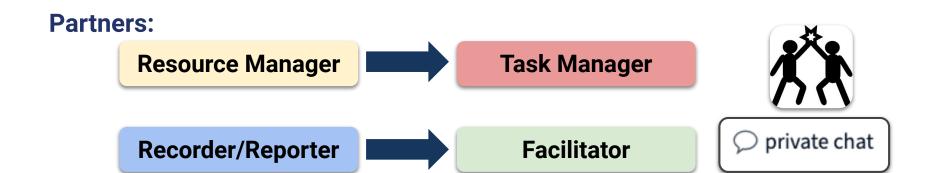


### Math Thread

### Reciprocal Teach



# What values are most helpful when determining the rule? Why?



### Math Thread

### Reciprocal Teach



# How do input/output values help us determine the rule?

### **Partners:**



## Agenda

**Session Four** 

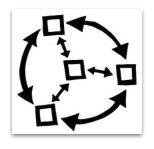


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Lesson Plan Structure
TO SUPPORT PROBLEM-BASED LEARNING





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**Problem-Based Learning** 



**Why** is circulating, listening, and questioning necessary?

It provides the teacher the opportunity to:

Reinforce a productive learning environment

Model expected behavior through engagement

Connect student language to math concepts. Learn from students to determine interventions

Support team interactions

Provide just in time support for study teams

Assess the needs of individuals, teams, & whole class

Gain feedback to guide lesson closure

# Classroom Connections PURPOSEFUL CIRCULATION TO SUPPORT PROBLEM-BASED LEARNING





Lesson Explore
TEACHER NOTES - SUPPORT



### Materials:

<u>Chapter Pocket Question Cards</u> (Also under Teacher Tab under Teacher Resources)

# Pocket Questions:

#### **Lesson 3.1.2**

- How can you make a prediction?
- How can we represent doubling a value algebraically?
- How many years have gone by since the tree was planted?
- How can you write the rule without words?
- What does x represent?

•

Suggested Lesson Activity: As you circulate, ask questions that require students to think and justify their thinking, such as, "What is the pattern (rule)?", "How do you see it?", and "How can you tell your pattern is correct?"

(Example)

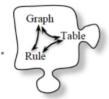
(Example)

Lesson Explore STUDENT LESSON - SUPPORT



# 3.1.1 What is the rule?







### **Extending Patterns and Finding Rules**

You have been learning how to work with variables and how to find values for variables in equations. In this section, you will learn how to extend patterns and how to generalize your pattern with a rule. As you work with your team, use these questions to focus your ideas:

How is the pattern growing?

What is the rule?

Is there another way to see it?

How can you tell if your rule is correct?

Teacher Tip CIRCULATION





**Lesson Support** 



# **Teacher Tips**

Use a timer to support lesson pacing.

Use the pocket questions provided for each lesson.

Converse with teams at eye level.

Choose 1–2 STTS to start the year. When you engage with study teams, model the behavior you expect to see.

## Agenda

Session Four



Focus: Problem-Based Learning

- **☑** Icebreaker
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### Foundation for Implementation

### Continue the Learning







**Instructional Modules** 

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Content Modules (On-demand)	☐ Module 1 - Chapter 1 Content☐ Module 2 - Chapter 2 Content☐	☐ Module 3 - Chapter 3 Content ☐ Module	☐ Module           ☐ Module	
Instructional Modules* (On-demand)	Module 1 - Closure and Team Assessments Module 2 - Review & Preview Module 3 - Intentional Planning	☐ Module 4 - Supporting Productive Struggle	☐ Module 5 - Assessment Practices	

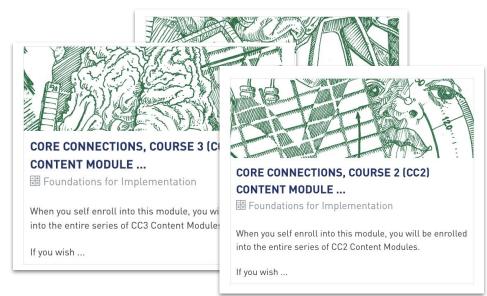
<sup>\*</sup> Instructional Modules 1–5 will be opened and available upon completion of the Introduction to Foundations Module. If you support special education or intervention, Inclusion Modules may be completed in place of the Instructional Modules.

### **Content Modules**

### Foundations for Implementations







### **On-Demand Modules**

### **Instructional Modules**

### Foundations for Implementations





**INSTRUCTIONAL MODULE 1 - CLOSURE AND** 

TEAM ...

Foundations for Implementation



#### **INSTRUCTIONAL MODULE 3 - INTENTIONAL PLANNING**

Foundations for Implementation

In this module, participants will examine:

- the steps to effectively and intentionally plan a CPM lesson,
- · CPM resources ...





### Instructional Modules

### **On-Demand Modules**

## Agenda

**Session Four** 



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### **Outcomes**



### Participants will:

- + Connect Problem-Based Learning research to classroom practices.
- + Learn how the Launch-Explore-Closure lesson structure supports Problem-Based Learning.
- Collaborate and learn with other teachers.

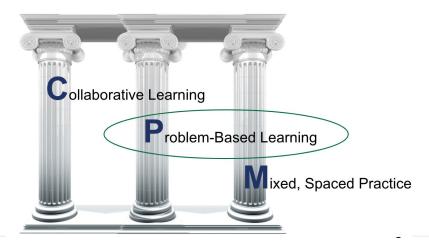
### Study Team and Teaching Strategies



Ambassador	Fishbowl	Huddle	Notice & Wonder	Reciprocal Teach	Think-Ink-Pair-Share (T.I.P.S)
Carousel: Around the world	Fortune Cookie	I Spy	Pairs Check (Pairs Chat)	Red Light, Green Light	Think-Pair-Share
Carousel: Index Card	Gallery Walk	Jigsaw: 4 Corners	Participation Quiz	Silent Appointment	Traveling Salesman
Carousel: Station Rotation	Give One, Get One	Listening Post	Peer Edit	Silent Debate	Tuning Protocol
Dyad	Hot Potato	Numbered Heads	Pick Three	Swapmeet	Walk and Talk
Elevator Talk	Hot Seat	Math Chat	Proximity Partner	Teammates Consult	Whiparound

### Three Research Pillars







SECTION ONE: The pillars that represent necessary first steps in any implementation.

#### Collaborative Learning

Students and teachers are aware of the purpose for and value of working in teams, and are familiar with team norms and roles.

#### Problem-Based Learning

Students and teachers share math authority as they value and engage in productive struggle. Teachers guide without taking over the thinking.

### Mixed, Spaced Practice

Both individual lessons and chapters are followed, using suggested pacing. Review & Preview problems are assigned and valued as an essential part of learning.

Teacher Tips – Inclusion



# Teacher Actions That Support *Inclusion*

Intentionally plan lessons without lowering the cognitive demand.

Use explicit agreements, team roles, and STTS to scaffold discussions and level status.

Allow time for students to shift from conceptual to procedural fluency.

Develop and assign competence to students using math learning behaviors.

Ignite Your Classroom



Start promptly.

Peer support expected within each team.

Active learning.

Respond to the team rather than individuals.

Circulate. Circulate. Circulate.

Closure. Closure.



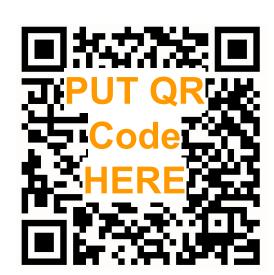
- Parking Lot
- Attendance & Feedback

Either scan the QR code **OR** 

Enter passcode in the portal XXXXXX

### Next Steps:

- Finish Introductions to Foundations Module.
- Before the start of the school year:
  - Finish Instructional Modules 1 through 3.
  - Complete Content Modules 1 & 2.







**HOUSEKEEPING** 

**LEARNING LOG** 



**THREAD** 

**ANCHOR PAGE** 



WELCOME

**CONTENT MODULE** 



MATH GOAL



**TEAM GOAL** 

STUDENT LENS



**TEACHER LENS** 

**EQUITY LENS** 



**ASSESSMENT** 



PRODUCTIVE STRUGGLE



RESEARCH PILLARS



MSP



**COLLABORATIVE LEARNING** 



**PBL** 



STUDY TEAMS



LEARNING TARGET



TASK CARD

















#### **TEAM ROLES ALL**









IMPLEMENTATION ACTION PLAN



RESOURCE MANAGER



**TEAM ROOMS** 



TASK MANAGER



IMPLEMENTATION PROGRESS TOOL



REPORTER RECORDER



STTS



**FACILITATOR** 

